

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

VI. Extract of a Letter from Dr. Deidier, concerning an Experiment made with the Bile of Perfons dead of the Plague. Communicated by Dr. Woodward.

E caused two Dogs to swallow a pretty large Quantity of the Bile taken from the Bodies of

Persons dead of the Plague.

Upon this the Dogs appeared heavy and melancholy, refused their Food, and made Water very often, especially when they were any ways disturb'd. Their Urine was thick and very setid, and their gross Excrements were tinged with the black and greenish Bile, which they had swallow'd. But in a few Days those Accidents went off, and the Dogs recovered their perfect Health, though they were all the Time confin'd in a Cellar belonging to the Dispensary, in company with the other Dogs that we tried our Experiments upon.

Montpelier, April 28.